[XXIVth YEAR.] THE [No. 1245.]

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, JULY 20, 1769.

LONDON, *April* 28.

IN order to reduce the exorbitant Price of Leather, we are informed, that the free Importation of raw Hides and Skins, both from Ireland and the Britiſh Plantations in America, will be allowed for a limited Time, under certain Regulations and Reſtrictions.

A Gentleman obſerves, that a late Event in Poland ſhews how little an Army is to be depended on, when party Diſputes occaſion inteſtine Broils, namely, that the Confederates, after taking the Town of Petarkan on the 7th Inſtant, met, in their March to Radom, with Two Regiments of Dragoons in the Service of the King of Poland, who ſurrendered themſelves Priſoners of War, rather than fight againſt the Confederates, their Countrymen, and pretended Patriots.

It is ſaid that an extraordinary Demand on this Kingdom by a Foreign P—e will not be complied with.

A Correſpondent, who declares himſelf a Lover of Peace, ſays, "If the Petition of the Freeholders of "Middleſex ſhould be drawn up (as has been report-"ed) expreſſive of Duty and Affection to a great Per-"ſonage perhaps he may incline to Mercy, in com-"pliance, with their dutiful Requeſt, and to appeaſe "the Minds of the People. This would probably re-"ſtore Peace to the Nation, as the Cauſe of the preſent "Clamour would then be removed."

SAVANNAH, *(in Georgia) May* 31.

Our laſt Advices from the Creek Nation, are, that they are in high Spirits from their repeated Succeſs amongſt the Choctaws: That about 1400 of them were out in different Parties, and no leſs than 200 in one Party: That they never go out without killing ſome of the Choctaws, and with very little or no Loſs to themſelves, the Loſs of the Choctaws ſince the Beginning of the War being computed at 150 Men, and that of the Creeks not above one Third of that Number, which makes them very inſolent, and much heartier in the War than they have been yet: That there are not 50 of the Creeks, but have been out ſince the War began, and they expect to put an End to it by next Spring. However it is thought that in the Summer, when the Rivers are low, the Choctaws will be more on an Equality with the Creeks, for as there are very few Rivers in the Choctaw Nation, the Inhabitants are but little acquainted with Swimming, which prevents them from venturing far to War 'til the Rivers are low, and gives the Creeks a great Advantage over them. A Party of the Creeks are gone to Auguſtine to take Satisfaction for one of their People that was killed there, notwithſtanding the Men that killed him were hanged for it, which ſatisfied the Father of the Indian that was killed; others of them think there can be no Satisfaction for any Thing of that Kind but what they take themſelves. Some Time ago the Choctaws ſent a Challenge to the whole Creek Nation to meet them, and fight them openly, but this the Creeks laughed at, and remarked, that they would be very imprudent to run any ſuch Riſk, when they could kill the Choctaws without any Loſs to themſelves.

A Gentleman that arrived on Monday Evening from Auguſta, has favoured us with the following Intelligence:——Abraham Norman, in 13 Days from the Upper Creek Nation, ſays, that a Day or Two before he came away, Three Indians came in, and informed, that a Party of Choctaws, about 170 in Number, came up with about 70 Creeks juſt behind the Town of Mobille, where they were preparing to go to War againſt the former, and having hemmed them in, it is thought they either killed or made Priſoners all the Creeks except the Three above-mentioned, who eſcaped by ſwimming the Bay: And that a white Man was come from Mobille, who confirmed what the Indians ſaid, and added, that the Engagement laſted from about Five o'Clock in the Evening 'til after dark, during which Time there was conſtant firing. The Choctaws were commanded by Cooſahomaw.

CHARLESTOWN, *(South-Carolina,) May* 22.

By Advices from Havanna, dated about Five Weeks ago, we learn, that the Spaniards continue putting that Place in the beſt State of Defence againſt all Attacks whether by Sea or Land. The new Fortification, which commands the Moro, is much its ſuperior, both in Strength and Extent. The Number of Houſes deſtroyed by the Hurricane in October, amounted to about 400, but every Steeple, and ſeveral of the Churches, were thrown down. All the Merchants Ships of War were deſtroyed, except Two Frigates, which had every Thing carried away by the Decks: Some of the Merchant Ships were driven a conſiderable Way up into the Country.

BOSTON, *June* 26.

His Majeſty's Council, having, at the Requeſt of the Houſe of Repreſentatives, in the preſent Seſſion, laid before them Copies of divers Letters received from London, very intereſting to this Colony, together with the Proceedings of the late and preſent Council thereon, the Houſe, on Thurſday laſt, paſſed the following Reſolution, and appointed a Committee to carry the ſame to the Honourable Board.

THE Houſe having taken into Conſideration certain Copies of Letters, written by Governor Bernard to the Right Honourable the Earl of Hillſborough, one of his Majeſty's principal Secretaries of State, dated November 1, 5, 11, 14, 30, and December 5, 1768.

And alſo a Copy of one Letter, written by his Excellency General Gage, to his Lordſhip, dated October 31, 1768.

All which are atteſted by the Clerk of the Papers of the Houſe of Commons; and were tranſmitted to his Majeſty's Council of this Province, by William Bollan, Eſq; and, at the Deſire of the Houſe, have been communicated by the preſent Council.

In which Letters his Majeſty's loyal Subjects of this Colony in general, as well as his Majeſty's Council, are traduced, and repreſented in a moſt odious and unjuſt Light to his Majeſty's Miniſters.

The Houſe having carefully read, and conſidered the Remarks which the late, as well as the preſent Council, have made thereon, in their ſeveral Letters to his Lordſhip, Copies of which have alſo been communicated at the Deſire of this Houſe:

Reſolved, That the Houſe do highly approve of, and have an entire Satisfaction in the Zeal and Attention of the late Council to the public Intereſt, not only in thus vindicating their own Character, but guarding their Country from meditated Ruin, by truly ſtating Facts, and juſtly repreſenting the Duty and Loyalty of this People at ſo critical a Time, when the Governor of the Province had wantonly diſſolved the General Aſſembly, and arbitrarily refuſed to call another upon the repeated dutiful Petitions of the People.

June 29. *On Wedneſday the 21ſt Inſtant his Excellency the Governor was pleaſed to ſend the following Meſſage to the Houſe of Repreſentatives*, viz.

Gentlemen *of the* Houſe *of* Repreſentatives,

WHEN at the Opening of the Seſſion, I recommended to you to give your earlieſt Attention to the Buſineſs of the Province, I did not think that there was any Occaſion to ſpecify the Particulars of ſuch Buſineſs, as they muſt occur to you as readily as to me.

However leſt this Omiſſion ſhould be made uſe of as an Excuſe for your Inactivity, and as you have now entered into your Fourth Week, without having done any Thing at all, I ſhall now capitulate the principal Articles of the public Buſineſs, which have hitherto waited for your Notice.

They are, *1ſt*, The Support of the Government; *2d*, The Supply of the Treaſury; *3d*, The providing for the Payment of the Provincial Debt, which now amounts to One Hundred and Five Thouſand Pounds; *4th*, The Tax Bill; *5th*, The Impoſt Bill; *6th*, The Exciſe Bill, if thought proper; *7th*, The Eſtabliſhments for Forts and Garriſons; *8th*, The Continuation of the Truck Trade; *9th*, The Continuation, or Revival, of expiring or expired Laws, &c.

All theſe ſeveral Matters, and ſuch others of the ordinary Buſineſs as I may have omitted, I now recommend to your immediate Conſideration. Such Aſſiſtance as I can give you, eſpecially in removing Doubts or Difficulties which may attend any of the ſaid Buſineſſes, I ſhall be ready to afford you, ſo far as is conſiſtent with my Duty.

June 21, 1769. FRA. BERNARD.

Yeſterday his Excellency the Governor was pleaſed to ſend the following Meſſage to the Houſe, viz.

Gentlemen of the Houſe of Repreſentatives,

I THINK it proper to inform you that his Majeſty has been pleaſed, by his Sign-Manual, to ſignify to me his Will and Pleaſure, that I repair to Great-Britain, to lay before him the State of this Province; and has alſo, by his Secretary of State, given Directions for the Adminiſtration of this Government during my Abſence.

Upon this Occaſion I think it neceſſary to communicate to you the 53d of his Majeſty's Inſtructions, whereby he orders, that when the Governor ſhall be abſent from the Province, one Moiety of the Salary, and the Perquiſites, and Emoluments, which would otherwiſe be due to the Governor, ſhall, during his Abſence, be paid to the Lieutenant-Governor, for his Maintenance, and for the Support of the Dignity of the Government.

I have always conſidered the Grant of the Salary appointed to me, to be ſubject to this Inſtruction, altho' it was not ſo expreſt in the Act: And I have no Objection at the preſent Time, when the Abſence of the Governor is foreſeen, that the Grant of the Salary ſhall be expreſt to be ſubject to this Inſtruction.

And I muſt at the ſame Time obſerve to you, that as I am ordered to attend his Majeſty, as Governor of this Province, and am made to underſtand, that I am to be continued in that Office, and am inſtructed for the Approbation of the Salary, whilſt I am abſent from the Province; there is the ſame Reaſon for the Grant of the Salary now, as their has been at any other Time. I muſt therefore deſire, that according to his Majeſty's 49th Inſtruction, ſuch Grant may be made to precede the other Buſineſs of the Seſſion.

June 28, 1769. FRA. BERNARD.

July 3. Private Letters from London by the laſt Veſſels mention, that Mr. Pownel made a Motion in the Houſe of Commons for the Repeal of the American Revenue-Act, which was ſtrenuouſly ſeconded by George Grenville, who was ſupported by Alderman Beckford, and Mr. Trecothick, both of them Members for the City of London.—The Miniſtry was ſilent, and it appeared evident to every Perſon preſent, that the Acts would have been repealed, had the Motion not been as warmly oppoſed by the Rockingham Party, as it was contended for by Mr. Grenville and his Friends. From the Silence of the Miniſtry, it is not doubted but they wiſhed the Acts repealed, tho' they were afraid to take the Lead, having already repeatedly ſubjected themſelves to the Charge of Inconſiſtency; they were certainly in great Perplexity, and the Kingdom in the greateſt Diſorder.——The Houſe will ſoon riſe, and the Reaſon is ſaid to be, that the Middleſex Freeholders, led on by the Supporters of the Bill of Rights, are determined to petition both Houſes of Parliament, and even the King himſelf, in Behalf of Mr. Wilkes;——all the London Mob are to march in the Proceſſion to the Number of ſome Hundred Thouſands:——If the Petitions are rejected, or received and not favourably anſwered, after going through this regular Proceſs, the Mobility, our preſent State Doctors, are to be let looſe to enforce Conviction.

Ad———n, however, having Information of this Plan, are taking the proper Meaſures to render it abortive, and the Houſe will be prorogued:—Licentiouſneſs reigns without Controul; and the ſober Part of the Community are looking forward with Fear and Trembling, to the Arrival of that Moment, which they hourly dread, when our Liberties will be totally annihilated by a popular Commotion; or will again take firmer Root from a complete Suppreſſion of Mobbing, and by impreſſing upon the lower Rank, a proper Reſpect for the Laws of their Country.

It is certain, that many Gentlemen of great Intereſt, and good Principles, have been induced to join the Populace Party, being alarmed at the Behaviour of Ad———n, reſpecting Colonel Luttrell's Election in Preference to Mr. Wilkes, for the County of Middleſex.

A Letter from Halifax mentions, that the Iſland of St. John's is made a ſeparate Government, and that Lieutenant Governor Franklin, of Nova-Scotia, is appointed Governor.

Friday laſt arrived his Majeſty's Ship Romney, and on Saturday the Senegal, both from Halifax.——We hear the 64th Regiment is to embark next Wedneſday on board theſe Ships for Halifax.

The following is ſaid to be the Subſtance of RESOLVES *unanimouſly paſſed by the Honourable Houſe of Repreſentatives of* Maſſachuſetts-Bay, *on the Firſt Day of* July *Inſtant.*

THE General Aſſembly of this his Majeſty's Colony of Maſſachuſetts-Bay, convened by his Majeſty's Authority, by Virtue of his Writ iſſued by his Excellency the Governor, under the Great Seal of the Province, and this Houſe, thinking it their Duty at all Times to teſtify their Loyalty to his Majeſty, as well as their Regard to the Rights, Liberties and Privileges of themſelves and their Conſtituents, do paſs the following Reſolutions to be entered on the Records of the Houſe.

Reſolved, That this Houſe do, and ever will bear the firmeſt Allegiance to our Rightful Sovereign King GEORGE the Third, and are ever ready with their Lives and Fortunes to defend his Majeſty's Perſon, Family, Crown and Dignity.

Reſolved, That this Houſe do concur in, and adhere to, the Reſolutions of the Houſe of Repreſentatives in the Year One Thouſand Seven Hundred and Sixty-Five, and particularly in that eſſential Principle, that no Man can be taxed or bound in Conſcience to obey any Law to which he has not given his conſent in Perſon, or by his Repreſentative.

Reſolved, As the Opinion of this Houſe, that it is the indubitable Right of the Subject in general, and conſequently of the Colonies jointly or ſeverally, to petition the King for Redreſs of Grievances, and that it is lawful, whenever they think it expedient, to confer with each other, in order to procure a joint Concurrence, in dutiful Addreſſes for Relief from their Common Burthens.

Reſolved, That Governor Bernard, in wantonly diſſolving the laſt Year's Aſſembly, and in refuſing to call another, tho' repeatedly requeſted by the People, acted againſt the Spirit of a free Conſtitution; and if ſuch Procedure be lawful, it may be in his Power whenever he pleaſes to render himſelf abſolute.

Reſolved, That at a Time when there was a general Diſcontent, on account of the Revenue-Acts, an Expectation of the ſudden Arrival of a Military Power to enforce the Execution of thoſe Acts, a dread of the Troops being quartered upon the Inhabitants, when our Petitions were not permitted to reach the Royal Ear, the General Court at ſuch a Juncture diſſolved, and the Governor's refuſing to call a new one, and the People thereby reduced to almoſt a State of Deſpair, at ſuch a Time it was innocent, if not highly expedient and neceſſary, for the People, to convene by their Committees in order to aſſociate, conſult and adviſe the beſt Means to promote Peace and Order, and by all lawful Ways to endeavour to have their united Complaints laid before the Throne, and jointly to pray for the royal Interpoſition in favour of our violated Rights, nor can this Procedure poſſibly be conceived to be illegal, as they expreſſly diſclaimed all Governmental Acts.

Reſolved, As the Opinion of this Houſe, That Governor Bernard in his Letters to Lord Hillſborough, his Majeſty's Secretary of State, has given a falſe and highly injurious Repreſentation of the Conduct of his Majeſty's truly loyal and faithful Council of this Co-

lony, and of the Magiſtrates, Overſeers of the Poor, and Inhabitants of the Town of Boſton, tending to bring on theſe reſpectable Bodies, and eſpecially of ſome Individuals, the unmerited diſpleaſure of our gracious Sovereign, to introduce a Military Government into the Province, and to miſlead both Houſes of Parliament into ſuch ſevere Reſolutions, as a true, juſt and candid State of Facts muſt have prevented.

Reſolved, That Governor Bernard in the Letters before mentioned, by falſely repreſenting that it was become "neceſſary the King ſhould have the Council-"Chamber in his own Hands, and ſhould be enabled "by Parliament, to ſupercede by Order in his Privy-"Council, Commiſſions granted in his Name and un-"der his Seal throughout the Colonies," has diſcovered his Enmity to the true Spirit of the Britiſh Conſtitution, and to the Liberties of the Colonies; and particularly has meditated a Blow at the Root of ſome of the moſt invaluable Conſtitutional and Charter Rights of this Province; the Perfidy of which, at the very Time he was profeſſing himſelf a warm Friend to the Charter, is altogether unparallelled by any Perſon in his Station, and ought never to be forgotten.

Reſolved, That the eſtabliſhing a Standing Army in this Colony, in a Time of Peace, without the Conſent of the General Aſſembly of the ſame, is an Invaſion of the natural Rights of the People, as well as thoſe which they claim as freeborn Engliſhmen, and which are confirmed by Magna Charta, and the Bill of Rights, as ſettled at the Revolution, and by the Charter of this Province.

Reſolved, That a Standing Army is not known as a Part of the Britiſh Conſtitution, in any of the King's Dominions; and every Attempt to eſtabliſh it as ſuch has ever been eſteemed a dangerous Innovation, and manifeſtly tending to enſlave the People.

Reſolved, That the ſending an armed Force into this Colony, under a Pretence of aiding and aſſiſting the Civil Authority, is an Endeavour to eſtabliſh a Standing Army here without our Conſent, and highly dangerous to this People; is unprecedented and unconſtitutional.

His Excellency General Gage, in his Letter to Lord Hillſborough, October the Thirty-firſt, having among other exceptionable Things expreſſed himſelf in the following Words: "From what has been ſaid, your "Lordſhip will conclude, that there is no Government "in Boſton; in Truth there is very little at preſent, "and the Conſtitution of this Province, leans ſo much "to the Side of Democracy, that the Governor has "not the Power to remedy the Diſorders that happen "in it."

Reſolved, As the Opinion of this Houſe, That his Excellency General Gage, in this and other Aſſertions, has raſhly and impertinently intermeddled in the Civil Affairs of this Province, which are altogether out of his Department; and in the internal Police of which, by his Letter, if not altogether his own, he has yet betrayed a Degree of Ignorance equal to the Malice of the Author.

With Reſpect to the Nature of our Government, this Houſe is of Opinion, that the Wiſdom of that great Prince, WILLIAM the Third, who gave the Charter; aided by an able Miniſtry, and Men thoroughly verſed in the Engliſh Conſtitution and Law, together with the happy Effects that have been derived from it to the Nation, as well as this Colony, did place it above the Reprehenſion of the General, and ſhould have led him to enquire whether the Diſorders complained of have not ariſen from an arbitrary Diſpoſition in the Governor, rather than from too great a Spirit of Democracy in the People.

And this Houſe cannot but expreſs their deep Concern, that too many in Power at home and abroad, ſo clearly avow not only in private Converſation, but in their public Conduct, the rancourous Enmity againſt the free Part of the Britiſh Conſtitution, and are indefatigable in their Endeavours to render the Monarchy abſolute and the Adminiſtration arbitrary, in every Part of the Britiſh Empire.

Reſolved, That this Houſe after the moſt careful Enquiry, have not found any Inſtance of the Courſe of Juſtice being interrupted by Violence, even before a ſingle Magiſtrate, nor of any Magiſtrate's refuſing to enquire into, or redreſs any Complaint properly laid before him; while it is notorious to all the World, that even ſuch Acts of Parliament as have been deemed by the whole Continent highly oppreſſive, have been ſo far from being oppoſed with Violence, that the Duties impoſed and rigorouſly exacted, have been punctually paid.

Reſolved, That the fining in the ſmall Sum of Ten Pounds only, an high handed Offender, viz. one Fellows, in the County of Eſſex, who by Force and with Fire Arms, loaded with Ball and Swan-Shot, reſcued a Priſoner lawfully taken by the Sheriff of ſaid County, is a Grievance, and tends to the Encouragement of ſuch Crimes for the future.

Reſolved, That the frequently entering *Nolle Proſequi* by the Attorney and Advocate-General, in Caſes favourable to the Liberty of the Subject, and rigorous Proſecutions by Information and otherwiſe in thoſe in Favour of Power, is a daring Breach of Truſt, and an inſupportable Grievance on the People.

Reſolved, That it is the Opinion of this Houſe, that all Trials for Treaſons, Miſpriſion of Treaſon, or for any Felony or Crime whatſoever, committed or done in this his Majeſty's ſaid Colony, by any Perſon or Perſons reſiding therein, ought of Right to be had and conducted in, and before his Majeſty's Courts, held within the ſaid Colony, according to the fixed and known Courſe of Proceeding; and that the ſeizing any Perſon or Perſons reſiding in this Colony, ſuſpected of any Crime whatſoever, committed therein, and ſending ſuch Perſon or Perſons to Places beyond the Sea, to be tried, is highly derogatory of the Rights of Britiſh Subjects; as thereby the ineſtimable Privilege of being tried by a Jury from the Vicinage, as well as the Liberty of ſummoning and producing Witneſſes on ſuch Trial, will be taken away from the Party accuſed.

The Freeholders and other Inhabitants of this Town, have been warned by Order of the Select-Men to aſſemble at Faneuil-Hall To-morrow Afternoon; "Then and there to conſider of the Petition of a great Number of reſpectable Inhabitants, ſetting forth, that ſome Perſons have, as they are informed from good Authority, petitioned or requeſted of his Excellency Sir FRANCIS BERNARD, Baronet, Commander in Chief of this Province, that the 14th or ſome other Regiment may be detained in this Town, in order to protect their Lives and Properties, notwithſtanding the Laws of the Land make ample Proviſion for the Security of all his Majeſty's Subjects without the Aid of any Military Force whatever; and fearing ſuch Requeſt may be preſented to Adminiſtration as the Senſe of the Inhabitants, they pray that ſuch Steps may be taken, as the Town ſhall think proper, to prevent the ill Effects of ſuch Repreſentations, and to convince the World that the Reſidence of a Military Power in the Body of this Metropolis, is, upon various Conſiderations, quite diſagreeable to the Inhabitants."

NEW-YORK, *July* 10.

Saturday Capt. Rogers arrived here from Penſacola in 20 Days: By him we have Advice, that Governor Elliot of that Place, *died ſuddenly* there, about a Month after his Arrival.

The Brig Mansfield, Capt. Heaburn, is arrived at New-London from London, and has brought Letters from that Place as late as the 12th of May, but we cannot learn by them that the Parliament had done any Thing in American Affairs ſince our laſt Advices from thence, nor that there has been any Change in the Miniſtry.

WILLIAMSBURG, *July* 6.

Extract of a Letter from London, dated April 24.

"I have ſent you ſome more News-Papers, by which you may gueſs how much Confuſion this City is in. The Papers do not, or indeed dare not, expreſs what is done and ſaid here; in ſhort, People in general ſpeak with ſuch Freedom in all Companies, as not to ſcruple mentioning particular Names, no Ranks eſcaping the Cenſure and Virulence of their Invectives; the Diſturbances proceed from Two Cauſes: One from the Expulſion of Mr. Wilkes, ſaid to be done by Means of miniſterial Influence, which has alſo interfered in the laſt Election, by ſetting up a Candidate, and giving him the Seat contrary to the Senſe of the County of Middleſex. It is affirmed that the great and juſt Lord Chancellor being of Opinion this laſt Proceeding of the Houſe was unconſtitutional, refuſed to regiſter Col. Luttrell as the proper Member; but not truſting entirely on his own Opinion, had a Meeting of all the Judges to conſider of this important Point, they are unanimous, it is ſaid, in the ſame Way of thinking: The other Cauſe is, the preſent unhappy Difference with America, by which the Trade greatly ſuffers; the Merchants and Manufacturers being daily more and more ſenſible of it, this alone, and this only (I mean the Decline of Trade) will open the Eyes of ſome, and move the Tongues of others, to eſpouſe the poor once deſpiſed Americans, whoſe Cauſe gains Ground daily; as the firſt Projectors begin to think they were wrong in adviſing the Acts from whence the Diſturbances flow. If I was to adviſe America, from what I have been able to diſcover, it would be for the Colonies to be firm and ſteady, exciting each other to Oeconomy and Induſtry, to give a large Doſe of Opium to Luxury, not to be virulent in Abuſe, but mix a proper Proportion of Moderation in all their Compoſitions, wait patiently for the Event of this Regimen, and doubt not but in a ſhort Time America will be ſeen to raiſe her drooping Head with ſuch a Smile on her Countenance, as will create Envy in the Breaſts of her Enemies.

"I ſaw on the Thirteenth (the noted Middleſex Election Day, in the Afternoon, as the grand Proceſſion of Freeholders returned through the City) the greateſt Concourſe of People that ever were known; I walked from Whitechapel to Charing-Croſs, a Diſtance of about Three Miles, and verily believe there was at leaſt 50,000 People in the Streets to ſee the Proceſſion paſs; I was ſtunned with the loud Huzzaing and Acclamations on the Event of the Day, the Proceſſion ſtopped at the Palace, while the Muſic played, *God ſave the King*, the ſame was done at the Manſion-Houſe, at Night the principal Streets in the City were illuminated, and the whole ended without the leaſt Miſchief. It is apprehended the chief of the Middleſex Freeholders will, in a few Days, appear with a Petition: It is alſo apprehended the Weavers of Spitalfields will aſſemble before a great Houſe with a Repreſentation of the Decline of Trade, by which they are in great Danger of ſtarving. The Military are kept conſtantly in Readineſs at an Hour's Notice, in Caſe (as ſuppoſed) any Diſturbances ſhould happen; in ſhort, all England ſeems convulſed, the Ladies at Bath are turned Boxers. I ſhall conclude at preſent with one Remark, that England and America are at preſent in ſo great a Ferment, that the grand Criſis ſeems not far off, when all Diſputes muſt be ſettled for a general Good."

Yeſterday Morning the following melancholy Accident happened near York. One Mr. Thompſon having been early out about his Plantation Affairs, came home when it grew hot, and laid down upon a Bed, and fell aſleep, when his Wife (who has been long diſordered in her Senſes, and has been ſeveral Times confined) got an Axe, with which ſhe ſtruck him on the Head, and killed him as he lay.

WANTED,

At Upper-Marlborough, *in* Prince-George's *County*,

A PERSON who underſtands the Buſineſs of a COACHMAKER: As alſo a Perſon capable of carrying on the Blackſmiths Buſineſs. Any Perſon (not having a Family) that underſtands either of the above Branches, may meet with good Encouragement, by applying to the Subſcriber. And, as he has ſeveral outſtanding Accounts due him for Dealings in the above Branches of Buſineſs, takes this Method of informing his good Cuſtomers, that he ſhould be obliged to them for their reſpective Balances, that he may be enabled to carry on the above Buſineſſes with Vigour and Diſpatch.

(w3) JOHN KINGSBURY.

July 5, 1769.

To be ſold to the higheſt Bidder, at the Town of Dumfries, *in* Virginia, *on Monday the* 4*th of* September *next*,

FOUR Hundred and Seventy Acres of Land, lately the Property of Colonel *Henry Peyton*, on which is a valuable GRIST-MILL. Short Credit will be given, the Purchaſer entering into Bond with Security, payable to

(4w) CUTHBERT BULLITT.

TO BE SOLD,

A SERVANT Man, who has about Six Years and a Half to ſerve, he is a Blackſmith by Trade, a good Farrier, and an excellent Workman, well qualified either for Town or Country Buſineſs, and is a well made hearty Fellow. For Terms, and the Reaſon of his being ſold, enquire of the Printers.

THIS is to inform the Public, that the Subſcriber propoſes to carry on the Sailmakers Buſineſs in all its Branches, at the Warehouſe on Mr. *Middleton*'s Wharf, where Gentlemen, and others, who are pleaſed to favour him with their Cuſtom, may depend on having their Work done in the moſt complete Manner, by

WILLIAM JOHNSON.

N. B. He likewiſe makes Cots, Hammocks, and Sacking Bottoms for Bedſteads.

Weſt-River, July 15, 1769.

WHEREAS *Eliſabeth*, the Wife of me the Subſcriber, hath, without any juſt Cauſe, abſented herſelf from me, I hereby forewarn all Perſons from truſting her upon my Account, as I will pay no Debts of her contracting, from the Date hereof.

JOHN OLDNEY.

July 11, 1769.

RAN away from the Subſcribers, living in *Baltimore-Town*, on the 9th Inſtant, an *Engliſh* Servant Lad, named CHARLES ALAN, by Trade a Biſcuit-Maker, 17 Years of Age, about 5 Feet 3 or 4 Inches high, ſlender made, of a middling fair Complexion, his Knees inclines in, is lame in both his Feet, by a Swelling on his Toes, and has a ſore Place on one of his Ancles, light brown Hair, which he may have cut off, his Eyes are weak, and appears to be ſore, has a ſharp Viſage, talks much, and pretty loud: Took with him, when he went away, a light coloured Broad Cloth Coat, and Breeches, with white gilt Buttons, a fine double breaſted red knapt duffil Jacket, with a Coat Button at the Top, and another at the Bottom, a Pair of reddiſh coloured mottled Stockings, Shoes, and large Block-Tin Buckles, with Braſs Tongs and Anchors, a blue Fearnought Sailor Jacket, too large for him, a Caſtor Hat, trimmed round the Brim, a yellow ſtriped Cotton double breaſted Jacket, Silver Knee Buckles, and ſundry other Cloaths.

JOSEPH ALAN, a Blackſmith by Trade, Nineteen Years of Age, about Five Feet Six Inches high, has ſhort ſtraight black Hair: Had on, and took with him, a brown Cloth Coat and Jacket, with Mohair Buttons, a Pair of Leather, and a Pair of Hair Shag Breeches, a Check Shirt, an Oſnabrig ditto and Trouſers, old Hat, and good ſtrong Shoes, with Braſs Buckles. They are Brothers, and, as they can both write, it is probable they may forge Paſſes.

Whoever apprehends ſaid Servants, and ſecures them, ſo that their Maſters may have them again, ſhall have Two Piſtoles for each, if taken in the Province; and, if out of the Province, Four Piſtoles Reward, (including what the Law allows) and reaſonable Charges, if brought home, paid by

RICHARD MOALE,
CHARLES RIDGELY, Junior.

July 4, 1769.

RAN away laſt Night from the Subſcriber, living near *George-Town*, *Frederick* County, Two Convict Servant Men, *viz.* JAMES BAILEY, a Blackſmith by Trade, about Twenty-One Years of Age, Five Feet Five or Six Inches high, well ſet, of a ſwarthy Complexion, has a down Look, wears his own ſhort black Hair: Had on, and took with him, One Check Shirt, One Oſnabrig ditto, Two Pair of Oſnabrig Trouſers, One Pair of Shoes, One ſpotted Swanſkin Waiſtcoat, One old black Cloth Coat and Breeches, and One Felt Hat.

JOHN ROBERTS, an *Engliſhman*, about Twenty-one Years of Age, Five Feet Six Inches high, thin Viſage, pale Complexion: Had on, and took with him, a white Linen Shirt, a Pair of new Check Trouſers, a Pair of old Pumps, with Two odd Buckles, a new Felt Hat, and a white Flannel Waiſtcoat. Whoever takes up ſaid Fellows, and brings them home, ſhall receive Five Pounds for each, paid by SAMUEL WADE MAGRUDER,

BENEDICT CRAIGER.

STRAYED, or STOLEN, from the Subſcriber, on the 10th of *May*, 1768, living in *Frederick* County, on *Rock-Creek*, a black MARE Four or Five Years Old, near Fourteen Hands and an Half high, has a ſmall Star in her Forehead, hanging Mane, ſwitch Tail, branded on the near Buttock, S, and has a remarkable white Spot on the top of her Weathers, with many long white Hairs on it. She was bred on the other Side of *Kittoctan* Mountain, near *Archibald Edmondſon*'s, ſhe Paces and Gallops.——Whoever brings her to the Subſcriber, ſhall have Forty Shillings Reward.

(w4) JAMES HIGGINS.

A PERSON of Character, properly qualified as a Schoolmaſter, for teaching Reading, Writing, and Arithmetic, will meet with good Encouragement, by applying to the Print[illegible] (w6)

Chester-Town, July 17, 1769.

RAN away from on board the Snow *Isabella*, the 6th Instant, a Convict Servant Man, named RALPH GAMBALL, about 40 Years of Age, Five Feet Eight Inches high, fresh coloured, and pitted with the Small-Pox, and has loft all his Teeth: Had on, when he went away, a dark coloured Cloth Coat and Jacket, Yarn Stockings, old Shoes, and wears his own Hair.

Alſo ran away, on the 8th Inſtant, from the ſaid Snow, Three other Convict Men, *viz.*

SOLOMON LEGG, about 45 Years of Age, and of dark Complexion: Had on a blue Cloth Coat, wears a Wig, and a Flap'd Hat.

ROBERT HUNT, about 40 Years of Age, Five Feet Five Inches high, pitted with the Small-Pox, has a Sore on each of his Ancles, and wears a Wig.

WILLIAM TURNER, about Five Feet Six Inches high: Had on when he went away, a blue Cloth Coat, and wears his own ſhort Hair.——Whoever ſecures the ſaid Convicts, or either of them, in any Gaol, ſhall have Thirty Shillings Reward for each, and reaſonable Charges if brought to Cheſter-Town, paid by (4w) SMYTH & SUDLER.

To be ſold, at the Houſe of Richard Earle, *in* Alexandria, *on* Patowmack *River, on Monday the 21ſt Day of* Auguſt *next,*

THE valuable Tract of Land known by the Name of BRENTON, lying in *Prince-William* County, *Virginia*, containing about 7500 Acres. The Quality and Situation of this Land, and its being free of QUIT-RENTS, are ſtrong Recommendations to thoſe willing to purchaſe. The Land will be ſold in Parcels, as will beſt ſuit the Purchaſers at the Day of Sale, and Credit given for the greateſt Part of the Money, on Security, (if required) and Intereſt.——We think it proper to aſſure the Public, (as there has been ſome Diſappointments in the Sale of this Land) that it will certainly be diſpoſed of at the Time now mentioned, it being made over to the Subſcribers for certain Sums of Money they ſtand engaged for. The Sale will begin at 12 o'Clock.

WILLIAM BRENT,
(ts) DANIEL CARROLL,
HENRY ROZER.

To be SOLD, *by the* SUBSCRIBERS,

THE SLOOP POLLY, Burthen about 60 Tuns, now lying at their Wharf. She is a very good Veſſel, Sheathed, ſails well, is well fitted and found, and now ready to take in a Cargo.

(3w) THO. RINGGOLD, & Co.

The Subſcriber has the following Parcels of Land, lying in Prince-George's *County, for* SALE, *viz.*

PART of BATTERZEE, 100 Acres, pleaſantly ſituated on *Broad-Creek*, on which are ſeveral Buildings. The Land is very good, and convenient to the River for Fiſhing and Fowling, with many other Advantages, eaſy to be diſcovered from the Situation.—About Half a Mile from which, on the great Road leading to *Piſcataway*, are about 44 Acres of fine Wood-Land, intended for the better Support of the 100 Acres at *Broad-Creek*, on which ſome good Meadow might eaſily be made, and nigh to the 44 Acres, there are about 200 Acres, divided into Two Plantations, with Houſes, and other Improvements, ſuitable for Tobacco or ſmall Grain. Theſe Lands will be ſold together, or ſeparate, as may beſt ſuit the Purchaſer.

About Four Miles from *Piſcataway*, and on the great Road to *Lower-Marlborough*, and *Nottingham*, are about 300 Acres, commodiouſly joining, and pretty well improved, on which are ſeveral Buildings and Orchards, with Plenty of Wood and good Water; adjoining to which is one other Plantation of 100 Acres, with Buildings and other Improvements ſuitable for a ſmall Family; contiguous to which is a ſmall Tract of 32 Acres, on a Branch, very well wooded, on which Five or Six Acres of Meadow might eaſily be made.

He has alſo for SALE, *the Two following Pieces of Land, in* Charles *County*, viz.

PART of HULL, about 113 Acres, on *Mattawoman Swamp*, on which are good Improvements, ſuch as a Dwelling-Houſe, Kitchen, and Garden, with a very fine Orchard of Apple and Peach Trees, in good Repair.——About one Mile and an Half from thence is another Tract, called AMENDMENT, containing 250 Acres, not improved. This Land is level, and well ſtocked with Wood.——Thoſe who chuſe to purchaſe, may apply to me, at *Piſcataway*, and know the Terms. I will give Time for Payment, on giving Bond, and Security, if required.

(3w) JAMES MARSHALL.

JUST IMPORTED,

In the Iſabella, *Capt.* Spencer, *from* Briſtol, *and to be* SOLD, *by Wholeſale,*

A PARCEL of well aſſorted GOODS, about £.1500 Sterling prime Coſt. For Terms apply to Mr. *John Brice, Annapolis*, Meſſrs. *Smyth* and *Sudler, Cheſter-Town*, or (tf) JAMES CHESTON.

STRAY'D or ſtolen from the Subſcriber, on Tueſday the 16th of *June* laſt, Two likely Chair-Horſes, the one a middle and the other a bright bay; the middle bay is near Fourteen Hands and an Half high, the bright bay about Fourteen Hands and an Inch. One of them is branded on the near Buttock, but the Mark not remembered; they have ridge Manes and bob Tails, and were lately the Property of Mr. *Jeſſe Bond* of *Lancaſter*, and I imagine may be gone that Way, if not ſtole.——Whoever will bring ſaid Horſes to me, at *Falmouth*, ſhall have Forty Shillings Reward, or Twenty Shillings to inform me where they are, ſo that I may get them again; and as I am apprehenſive they are ſtole, I will give Ten Pounds Reward to any Perſon who will ſecure and convict the Thief.

(w3) GAVIN LAWSON.

Baltimore-Town, June 25, 1769.

Imported, by HUDSON *and* THOMPSON, *in the laſt Ships from* London *and* Liverpool,

A NEAT and large Aſſortment of *European* and *Eaſt-India* GOODS, ſuitable for the Seaſon, which will be ſold by the Importers, Wholeſale, or Retail, on low Terms, *viz.* No. 1, to No. 8, *Warrington* Sail Cloth, low priced Middling and Superfine Broad Clothes, ditto Forreſt Plains, *German* Serges, Tammies, Durants, Duroys, Sagathies, Calimancoes, Shalloons, blue and white Delph Bowls, in Hogſheads, ſorted Sizes, brown, white, mottled, clouded, and coloured Thread Stockings, a large and general Aſſortment of Saddle Trimmings, from the Tree to the ſmalleſt Article uſed in that Branch, 3d. 4d. 6d. 8d. 10d. 12d. 20d. and 30d. Nails, Scupper Nails, Sprigs, Tacks, Sheet Lead, Deep Sea-Lines and Leads, Spun-Yarn, Houſline, Marline, Compaſſes, Hour, half Hour, Minute, and half Minute Glaſſes, Iron Pots, *Iriſh* Linens, Sheetings, brown and white Dowlas, Garlix, Pomerania Linens, *German* and *Engliſh* Oſnabrigs, dyed and white Pillow Fuſtians, Jeans, Jeanet, Everlaſtings, Thickſets, Bed Bunts, Tickings, Silk Mozeens, Silk Tobines, Damaſcuſes, Larettas, Ginghams, ſorted Crates of Stone-Ware enambled and white, Crates of Tea-Cups and Saucers, ditto of Tea-Pots, ditto of Plates and Diſhes, ſorted Boxes of Glaſs-Ware, Window Glaſs, Pewter Diſhes, Plates, Baſons, Tin-Pans, Table, Tea, and Soop Spoons, large and ſmall Copper Tea-Kettles, Quart Tankards, Tea-Caniſters, a large and general Aſſortment of Cutlery and Hardware, too tedious to mention, bliſtered and ſquare Steel, Cabinetmakers and and Joiners Tools, Caſtor and Felt Hats, Shammy Skins, fine grained Sheepſkins, Sheepſkin Breeches, Threads of all Sorts, home-made Cotton Checks, Womens coloured and white Lamb and Kid Gloves and Mits, Mens and Boys coloured and waſh Leather Gloves, Hair Sifters, Wheat Riddles, Wire Sieves, Furniture for all Sorts of Cabinetmakers Work, ſingle refined Loaf Sugar by the Hogſhead, Saffron cut Tobacco, Snuff, *Durham* Muſtard, ſorted Boxes of Hard-Ware, Grindſtones, Womens Calimanco and Everlaſting Shoes and Pumps, Mens Leather Shoes and Boots, Writing Paper, Blank Books, *Dutch* Quills, Ink-Powder, Wafers, red and black Sealing-Wax, Pocket Books, Bibles, Teſtaments and Books for Children, bottled Beer, Corks, ſtain'd Chairs, Baſket and Death-head Buttons, Silk and Hair Twiſt, ſorted Boxes of freſh Linens, Silk Knee Garters, Laces and Purſes, Ferrets, figur'd and plain Ribands, double and ſingle Sattin ditto, Sarcenet and Love ditto, Stock Tape, Culge Handkerchiefs, black Cravats, *Barcelona* ditto, *Italian* Crapes, figur'd and plain Sattins, figur'd and plain Hoods, Sattin Peeling, Alamode, figur'd and plain Sarcenets, Luteſtrings, Muſline, Cotton, and undreſt figur'd and ſtriped Gauzes, plain Cyprus Gauzes, plain and figur'd Lawns, of all Sorts, Lawn Handkerchiefs, *Whitechaple* Needles, Silver and Gold Twiſt Buttons, *Leghorn* Hats, *Belladine* Silk, broad and narrow black Lace, Blond and Thread ditto, Chip Hats, Silk and Sattin Ladies Dreſs Hats and Bonnets, Ladies Dreſt Caps, Skeliton Wire, Snail and Garland Trimmings, Tinſel and Flower-Egrets, *French* Flowers, Long Lawns, Kenting Handkerchiefs, ſtamped Linens, Calicoes, ſtamped Cottons, *Indian* Chints, Huccaback Diaper, Clouting ditto, Diaper and Damaſk Table-Cloths, Hummums, Cotton and Silk Romals, Bandannos, Lungees, *China* Taffaties, different coloured Perſians, ſtriped and plain Sattins, Mantuas, Ducapes, wrought Thread Sattins, Mahogany and Paper framed Looking-Glaſſes, Womens Cotton, Silk, and Thread Mitts, Worſted Hoſe and Breeches Patterns, *Hogarth's* Prints, painted on Glaſs, the 12 Months on Glaſs, Horſe Hair Furniture, Buckrams, glaz'd Linens, *Ruſſia* Drabs, Paſteboards, Ounce and Paper Pins, all Sorts of Bruſhes and Hair Brooms, *Liverpool* fine Bag Salt, and a Parcel of Coals, *&c. &c.*

To be CHARTERED,

THE Ship GALE, burthen 280 Tons; will take a Freight to any Part of *Europe*. For Particulars, apply to *Hudſon* and *Thompſon, Baltimore-Town.*

COMMITTED to *St. Mary's* County Jail, as a Runaway, Negro JACK, (who formerly belonged to Mr. *Henry Greenfield Sotheron*, of ſaid County) who ſays he belongs to Mr. *Zachariah Offutt*, of *Frederick* County: Has on, an old Oſnabrig Shirt, Cotton Jacket, Linen Breeches, Shoes and Stockings, and a new Felt Hat. His Maſter is deſired to take him away, and pay Charges.

(3w) ROBERT WATTS.

ALL Perſons indebted to the Eſtate of *Nicholas Norman*, late of *Anne-Arundel* County, deceaſed, either by Bill, Bond, Mortgage, or otherwiſe, are deſired to make immediate Payment; and thoſe having any Claims againſt the ſaid Eſtate, are deſired to bring them in, that they may be adjuſted and paid by

(ws) NICHOLAS NORMAN, } Executors,
JOHN NORMAN, }

N. B. Thoſe who if may not ſuit to diſcharge their open Accounts, are deſired to come and ſettle, by giving Bond, with Security, if required.

JOHN HARTLOVE,

Late from Mr. WILLIAM SIMPSON, *Barber and Peruke-Maker,*

HAS now opened a Shop, at the Houſe of Mr. *Nathaniel Adams*, oppoſite Mr. *Nathan Hammond's* Store, near the Dock in *Annapolis*, where he intends to carry on the ſaid Buſineſs as uſual. He makes all Sorts of Ladies Curls, Rolls, and Gentlemens Perukes in the neateſt and neweſt Faſhion. Thoſe Ladies and Gentlemen that pleaſe to favour him with their Cuſtom, may depend on being faithfully ſerved with the utmoſt Diſpatch.

N. B. He likewiſe takes this Opportunity to return his unfeigned Thanks, to thoſe Gentlemen from whom he has received particular Marks of Favour.

To be ſold by the Subſcriber, at the Houſe of Mr. Hugh M'Bryde, *in* Charles *County, on Monday the 21ſt Day of* Auguſt *next, at 2 o'Clock in the Afternoon, for Caſh, or* London *Bills of Exchange at* 30 *Days Sight,*

A PLEASANT, healthy, and well-water'd PLANTATION, lying within Two Miles of *Piles's* Warehouſe, called HADLOW, and other Tracts of Land adjoining, called HITCHEN, CROPPER's RESERVE, PARR, and WOOD's LOW GROUNDS, containing about 550 Acres; the Soil is very good, fit for either Tobacco, Corn, or Small Grain——There is a good Meadow of natural Graſs, and about Ten Acres of low Ground will be ready for ſewing with Seed, by the Fall——There is great Plenty of fine Paſturage——The Lands are well timbered, and under very good Fences, on which there are the following valuable Improvements, *viz.* A Dwelling-Houſe 44 Feet by 18, filled in with Brick, and plaiſtered, Three Rooms below, with Three Fire Places, a ſmall Paſſage, Two Shed Rooms and a Cloſet. The Upper Rooms not finiſhed.——A Kitchen 20 Feet by 16, one Half the Floor laid with Plank, Two Shed Rooms and a Brick Chimney.——A Dairy 12 Feet Square, floored with Tile, under pinned, filled in with Brick, and plaiſtered.——A Cellar 14 Feet deep, built up with Brick, 10 Feet Square, and good Upper Room.——A Smoke-Houſe 16 Feet by 12, double covered and boarded.——A Quarter 32 Feet by 16, with a double Brick Chimney.—A Store-Houſe 32 Feet by 18, filled in with Brick, the Store-Room plaiſtered, has an 8 Feet Shed the Length of the Houſe, and a Cellar underneath 16 Feet Square.—A Brick Office 18 Feet by 16.—A Barn 40 Feet by 20, with Sheds on each Side, and a Threſhing Floor 20 Feet by 18, laid with Two Inch Oak Plank.—A Log Corn-Houſe 16 Feet by 12; the Barn and Corn-Houſe encloſed with Poſts and Rails, 80 Feet Square, for Farm Yard.—A Tobacco-Houſe 40 Feet by 20, with 10 Feet Sheds.—A Cow-Houſe 100 Feet long.—A Smith's Shop 16 Feet Square, and many other Houſes of different Kinds, ſuitable for Two Tenants. Alſo a Garden paled in, 240 Feet by 160.—A good Apple and Peach-Orchard, of different Kinds of Fruit, under good Fence.——Another Tract of Land call'd SYMPSON's CHANCE, lying on the Weſt Side of *Piles's-Freſh*, containing 186 Acres of good rich Soil, and very level; it is well watered and timbered, and produces as good Tobacco, Corn and ſmall Grain as any Land: The Buildings on it are, a Tobacco-Houſe, Cow-Houſe, Quarters, and Stables. An excellent Stream of Water runs paſt it, fit for a Mill.——Another Tract call'd KEETH's-REST, laid out for 100 Acres, lying in the Foreſt, about 4 Miles from *Bryan-Town*: The Land is level, well timbered, the Soil good, and produces good Tobacco, Corn, and ſmall Grain. The Buildings on it are pretty good.——Any Perſon will be ſhown the Land on applying to *David Oſburn*, who lives on the ſame.——The Premiſes may be ſeen, and the Terms known, any Time before the Day of Sale, by applying to

(4w) ROBERT HORNER.

ALL thoſe who have any Claims againſt the Eſtate of Captain *Alexander Stewart*, late of *Baltimore-Town*, deceaſed, are deſired to bring in their reſpective Accounts duly proved, that they may be paid; and all ſuch as are indebted to the ſaid Eſtate, are requeſted to ſettle ſpeedily with

SARAH STEWART, Adminiſtratrix.

June 22, 1769.

TWENTY DOLLARS REWARD.

RAN away laſt Monday Night, from the Subſcriber, living in *Kent* County, *Maryland*, Two Convict Servant Men, *viz.* MICHAEL HEWNE, or KEIRN, born in *Germany*, and is by Trade a Tailor; he is ſlim made, has a thin Viſage, dark Complexion, black Hair, and an old Sore on his Head, a little above his Temple: He ſo much repreſents a *French* Neutral, that he may very well paſs for one: Had on, and took with him, when he went away, a blue Cloth Surtout Coat, with Mohair Buttons, a ſtriped red and white lappelled Jacket, of ſingle Grogram, a Pair of ribbed Worſted Stockings, a black Silk Handkerchief, a new Caſtor Hat, with Silk Loopings, and a good Pair of Shoes, with the Grain out.

NATHANIEL POWELL, about 30 Years of Age, a ſlim made Fellow, thin Viſaged, dark Complexion, thick black curled Hair, which grows very low down his Back, is an *Engliſhman* born, talks much in the Weſt Country Dialect, and has a very down Look; he underſtands Plowing, Reaping, and Mowing, and is a nimble briſk Fellow: Had on, and took with him, when he went away, a blue Broad Cloth Coat, with a ſmall Cape, and Mohair Buttons, a Pair of Snuff coloured fine Cloth Breeches, half worn. As they have other Clothes, they may perhaps change their Dreſs. They have Money with them, and it is probable, they will change their Names, and forge Paſſes.

Whoever takes up ſaid Servants, and brings them home, if taken out of the Province, ſhall have a Reward of Ten Dollars; if in the Province, Six Dollars, for either, and for both, the above Reward, paid by

R. GRESHAM.

*** It is ſuppoſed they went off in a Canoe, and made down the Bay, from *Cheſter* River.

JUST IMPORTED,

In the Betſey, *Capt.* Hanrick, *from* London; *and to be Sold by* [illegible] Monie, *at his Store, near the public Wharf,* [illegible]-Town,

A COMPLEAT and large ASSORTMENT of Spring and Summer GOODS.

RAN away, on the 31ſt of *May*, from the Subſcriber's Plantation, in *Synapuxon* Neck, in *Worceſter* County, a Servant Man named CONROURKE, born in the Weſt of *Ireland*, he is a thick well ſet Fellow, about 5 Feet 8 or 10 Inches high, pitted with the Small-Pox, wears his own ſhort thin ſtraight ſandy coloured Hair, about 30 Years of Age and has very little of the Brogue: Had on, and took with him, when he went away, an old coarſe blue fly Coat, and Jacket, the back Parts of the Jacket are of a different Colour, a Pair of half worn Leather Breeches, Two coarſe Country-made Shirts, One of which is ſtriped, the other Check, One Pair of ditto Trouſers, a brown Cut Wig, which he ſometimes wore over his Hair, and a new Felt Hat; he alſo took with him a large Shovel and Spade in a Wallet, and probably may paſs for a Banker and Ditcher. As he has often talked about *St. Mary's* County, perhaps he may have gone that Way.

Whoever ſecures the ſaid Servant, ſo that he may have him again, ſhall receive Fifty Shillings; and, if brought home, reaſonable Charges, paid by

(w4) JAMES ROWND.

*** The above *Con Rourke* has ſince changed his Name to *James Campbell*.

Piſcataway, April 15, 1769.

To be SOLD, in large, or ſmall Quantities, as may beſt ſuit the Purchaſers,

A TRACT of LAND, lying in *Frederick* County, between the Small and Large *Tonoloway* Creeks, containing about 3500 Acres, called CALEDONIA. Likewiſe one other Tract, adjoining, called HAWKINS's RICH LAND, containing about 450 Acres. The Soil is rich, and the Land as level as common, in that Part of the Country, is well watered, and has ſeveral ſmall Plantations on it.——The Purchaſer or Purchaſers, may have 3 or 4 Years Credit, on paying One Third of the Purchaſe-Money down, and giving Bond with Security, for the Remainder. For further Particulars apply to Mr. *Charles Beatty*, in *Frederick-Town*, or (tf) GEO. FRAr. HAWKINS.

George-Town, Patowmack, May 25, 1769.

LITTLE Regard being paid to our late Advertiſement, we (once more) take this Method to adviſe our Friends and Cuſtomers, of our Intention to quit Store-keeping at this Place, and that we will conſequently be under a Neceſſity of ſhortly ſettling our Accounts, and calling in our Debts. It is therefore requeſted that all Perſons indebted to us, will ſpeedily diſcharge the ſame; and that all ſuch as cannot immediately Pay, may call and ſettle their Accounts. Such as neglect complying, may depend on having their Accounts ſpeedily put into the Hands of a Lawyer.

We have yet on Hand, a ſmall (tho' well aſſorted) Parcel of dry Goods, which will be Sold at firſt Coſt for ready Money, Wheat or Hemp: We alſo continue to ſell the beſt Continent Rum, by Wholeſale and Retail (2m) JAMES HARRIS, and Co.

JUST IMPORTED,

And to be ſold, at my Store, in Baltimore-Town, *Wholeſale, on the very loweſt Terms, for Caſh or Country Produce,*

A GREAT Variety of *Iriſh* Linens, *Manchester* Checks, *Iriſh* Poplins, Ginghams, Camblets, and other Goods. JOHN STEVENSON.

And to be ſold at the ſame Store,

A WELL aſſorted Cargo of EUROPEAN and EAST-INDIA GOODS, Wholeſale and Retail, imported in the *Dolly* and *Betſey*, Capt. *Matthew Craymer*, from *London*. WILLIAM HAMMOND, & Co.

To be SOLD, *by the* SUBSCRIBER, *at* Port-Tobacco, to the higheſt Bidder, on Wedneſday the 9th of *Auguſt* next,

THREE improved Lots in the ſaid Town, which were heretofore adverтiſed in this Paper; alſo a Tract of Land containing 446 Acres, within a Mile and an Half of the ſaid Place, called *Haber-de-venture Enlarged*. As the Land and Lots, with Improvements, are well known, its needleſs to deſcribe them here. Should any Perſon incline to purchaſe any of the Lots or Land, before the Day mentioned for Sale, they may know the Terms by applying to

(ts) DANIEL JENIFER.

WILLIAM SLICER,

CABINET *and* CHAIR-MAKER, *at* Mr. JAMES CANNAN's, *a little below the* Market-Houſe, *in* Annapolis,

TAKES this Method to inform the Public, that he makes and ſells the following Articles, all conſtructed in the moſt neat and faſhionable Manner, *viz.* Deſks, Book-Caſes, Eſcritoirs, Bureaus, Card, Chamber, Parlour and Tea-Tables; Eaſy-Arm, Parlour, Chamber, and Corner Chairs; Settees, Clock-Caſes, Couches, Dumb-Waiters, Tea Boards, Bottle-Boards and Bedſteads, *&c. &c. &c.*

Thoſe Ladies and Gentlemen, and others, who pleaſe to favour him with their Cuſtom, may depend on having their Work done with Care and Expedition.

JUST OPENED,

And to be Sold by the Subſcriber, living in Church-Street, Annapolis, *for ready Money, or ſhort Credit.*

A LARGE ASSORTMENT of EUROPEAN and EAST-INDIA GOODS, ſuitable to the different SEASONS. THOMAS HYDE.

Juſt LAUNCHED, and to be SOLD,

THE Hull of a Veſſel, Fifty Feet Keel, Twenty one Feet Beam, Nine Feet Hold, and Three Feet Eight Inches 'twixt Decks, with Maſts, Yards, &c. for a Brigantine. Any Perſon inclinable to purchaſe, may view the ſame and know the Terms, by applying to the Subſcribers, or either of them in *Baltimore-Town, Maryland*. (4w) THO. & NICH. JONES.

By Virtue of a Commiſſion to us directed, from the High Court of Chancery, will be expoſed to Public SALE, *on Monday the 7th Day of* Auguſt *next, on the Premiſes,*

A TRACT of LAND, called THE REGULATION, containing, by Patent, Five Hundred and Five Acres, (One Hundred whereof, are deemed foul of a Tract of Land, called SELSED) in *Baltimore* County, about Eleven or Twelve Miles from *Baltimore-Town*, and on the Road from thence over *Gunpowder* Falls, to *York-Town*. The Soil is exceeding good, and fit for Farming, and Plenty of Meadow may be made thereon. Any Perſon inclining to view, may be ſhewn the Premiſes, on applying to Mr. *Edward Cockey*, Mr. *John Wilmot*, or Mr. *Benjamin Bowen*. The Title, and Conditions of Sale, will be made known on the Day of Sale, by

DANIEL CHAMIER,
SAMUEL YOUNG,
(ts) JONATHAN PLOWMAN,
JAMES GITTINGS.

May 26, 1769.

THE Subſcribers are appointed a Committee of *Frederick* County Court, to inſpect the Public Records of the ſaid County, and Papers in the Clerk's Office, and, agreeable to Inſtructions, we do give this Public Notice, that we intend to meet at the Clerk's Office in *Frederick-Town* for this Purpoſe, on Monday the Fourth Day of *September* next, when all Perſons who apply, may have their Deeds and other Writings compared with the Records.

ANDREW HEUGH,
THOMAS PRICE,
ÆNs. CAMPBELL,
THOs. SPRIGG WOOTTON.

A
SCHEME
OF A
LOTTERY

For raiſing SIX HUNDRED DOLLARS, for compleating and finiſhing the REFORM'D CALVINIST CHURCH, and building a SCHOOL-HOUSE, in *Sharpſburg*, in *Frederick* County, *Maryland*.——To conſiſt of Two Thouſand Tickets, at Two Dollars each: Five Hundred and Fifty-ſeven of which will be fortunate, without any Deduction, *viz.*

1	Prize of	200 Dollars, is	200 Dollars.
2	- -	100 - - -	200
3	- -	50 - - -	150
4	- -	25 - - -	100
20	- -	15 - - -	300
50	- -	10 - - -	500
475	- -	4 - - -	1900
Prizes, 557	Firſt drawn Blank,	-	25
Blanks, 1443	Laſt drawn Blank,	-	25
			600 Sm rais'd.
2000 Tickets, 2 Dollars each,			4000 Dollars.

By the above Scheme, there are little more than Two Blanks and an Half to a Prize, and the Profits retained, are Fifteen *per* Cent. on the whole.——The Drawing will begin at *Sharpſburg*, as ſoon as the Tickets are diſpoſed of, (on Fourteen Days previous Notice, at leaſt, to be given in the *Marlyand* Gazette) in Preſence of Five of the Managers at leaſt, and as many of the Adventurers as ſhall think proper to attend. The Drawing, it is hoped, will be in Six Months, at fartheſt, as a great Number of the Tickets are already engaged.

The Managers are, Meſſieurs *George Stricker, Chriſtian Orndorff, Joſeph Smith, William Good, Abraham Lingenfelder, John Stull, Michael Focklar, George Dayon*, and *Benjamin Spyker*, who are to give Bond, and be on Oath for the faithful Diſcharge of their Truſt.

A Liſt of the Prizes to be publiſhed in the *Maryland* Gazette, as ſoon as the Drawing is finiſhed, and the Prizes to be paid off, without any Deduction.——Prizes not demanded within Six Months from the Publication aforeſaid, to be deemed as generouſly given for the Uſe intended, and applied accordingly.

The Value of Seven Shillings and Sixpence, in *Pennſylvania* Currency, will be received in lieu of each Dollar, in the Sale of Tickets, and the ſaid Currency to be accepted in Payment of the Prizes drawn by the fortunate Adventurers.

*** TICKETS *to be had of any of the Managers, and at the* Printing-Office, *in* Annapolis.

ALL Perſons indebted to the Eſtate of *Francis Waring*, deceaſed, are deſired to make immediate Payment, and all thoſe who have any Demands againſt ſaid Eſtate, are deſired to bring them in, that they may be ſettled, by LEONARD WARING,

(3w) *Acting Executor.*

To be ſold at Public Vendue, by the Subſcribers, at the Coffee-Houſe, *in* Annapolis, *on Wedneſday the Ninth Day of* Auguſt *next, the following Land and Negroes, conveyed to them in Truſt, by Mr.* John Wilmot, *viz.*

A TRACT call'd DINAH's FANCY, granted to *John Wilmot*, for 215 Acres, lying on a Draft of *Pipe-Creek*, call'd *Silver-Run*, in *Frederick* County, and near *John Logsdall's*, who will ſhow the Land.

A Tract call'd DINAH's GOODWILL, granted to ſaid *John Wilmot*, for 314 Acres, lying likewiſe in *Frederick* County, near *Simon Miller* and *Andrew Young*, either of which Perſons will ſhow the Land.

A Tract lying on the Head of *South-River*, in *Anne-Arundel* County, call'd SNOWDEN's REPUTATION SUPPORTED, containing 130¼ Acres. On this Plantation there is a Dwelling-Houſe, Kitchen and Corn-Houſe, an Orchard fenced in, containing 130 Apple-Trees, and the Plantation in every other reſpect in good Repair. There is likewiſe on ſaid Plantation, a new Stone Dwelling-Houſe, 34 Feet long and 20 Feet wide, with a Cellar, the whole Length and Breadth of the Houſe, a new Kitchen, Oven, and a Garden 100 Feet Square, new paled in. The laſt mentioned Houſe was intended for a Tavern, and is conveniently ſituated for that Purpoſe; it is not quite finiſhed, but there is every Material on the Spot, ready for completing it, the Doors and Window Saſhes being already made. Alſo Six likely NEGROES, conſiſting of Men, Women and Children.——The Title and Terms of Sale may be known by applying to

(ts) NICHOLAS MACCUBBIN,
JAMES DICK.

To be SOLD, *at* PUBLIC VENDUE, *on Monday the Seventeenth Day of* July *next, on the Premiſes,*

TWENTY-FOUR Acres, Part of a Tract of Land, ſituated on the North Branch of *South-River*, in *Anne-Arundel* County, *Maryland*; called Long-Venture, Twelve Acres whereof is well cleared mowable Meadow, producing upwards of Forty Thouſand Weight of Hay *per* Year, which ſells readily at Forty Shillings a Thouſand at *Annapolis*, which is leſs than Eight Miles Diſtant: There is alſo on the ſaid Land, a good Merchant-Mill, the Mill-Houſe Thirty Feet by Twenty-Four, Two Story high, the Mill double Geer'd, and calculated for Two Pair of Stones, with Boulting-Cheſt, Bolting-Geers, and Hoiſting-Jack, all in good Repair, and on an excellent Stream: There is alſo a good Frame Dwelling-Houſe, Twenty-Four Feet by Sixteen, on the ſame Land.——Likewiſe on the ſame Day will be Sold, in the ſame Manner, Sixty Acres, Part of a Tract of Land, ſituated on the South Branch of *South-River*, in the County and Province aforeſaid, called *Snowden's Reputation Supported*, whereon is a remarkable good Single Geer'd Grift-Mill, and an excellent Fulling-Mill, well known by the Name of the *Good-Intent*, alſo a good Dwelling-Houſe, and other convenient Houſes thereunto belonging; theſe Mills are ſituated on a never failing Stream, and the Tide comes to the Mill Tale, the Profits of theſe Two Mills hath been upwards of Eighty Pounds a Year, clear of all Charges for ſeveral Years paſt, and the above Merchant-Mill the ſame, and may be made much better, and more beneficial; the Purchaſer may have the Tools belonging to the Fulling-Mill if he chuſes to Purchaſe. Sterling Caſh, good *London* Bills of Exchange, with a good Indorſer (if required) will be taken, and that only, for Payment. The Purchaſer may have Time for Part of the Purchaſe Money, on giving Bond on Intereſt, with approved Security. The Sale to begin at One o'Clock, Any Perſon inclining to purchaſe all or either of the ſaid Mills, Lands, &c. may view the ſame, and know the Title, by applying to the Subſcriber.

As the Subſcriber hath many outſtanding Debts, which hath been long due, he hopes thoſe indebted will not delay Payment longer than the Saturday before the Sale above mentioned, as no longer Indulgence will be given, and he takes this Opportunity to thank his kind and indulgent Creditors, deſiring at the ſame Time, that they will pleaſe to let him know their ſeveral Claims againſt him, at or before the Day of Sale above mentioned, that they may be ſettled and adjuſted,

(ts) JOHN DUCKER.

N. B. I ſtill carry on the Fulling Buſineſs, and in caſe I ſell my Mills, ſhall reſerve Time to finiſh all the Work that comes in before the Day of Sale.

*** The above Sale is put off 'til Tueſday the Firſt Day of *Auguſt* next, if fair; if not, the next fair Day ſhall be the Day of Sale, and no Excuſe to be made.

Baltimore County, *June* 7, 1769.

WHEREAS I find, by Experience, that I can neither by Law, or Equity, recover the many Debts due me, in order to diſcharge my juſt Debts; and as ſeveral of my Creditors are very impatient, and others of them commencing Suits at Law againſt me, which involves me in much Trouble and Expence, I do hereby give this public Notice to all my Creditors, that I ſhall Petition to the next General Aſſembly of this Province, to paſs an Act to releaſe me from the Sheriff of *Baltimore* County, whoſe Cuſtody I am now in. HENRY GASSAWAY.

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by ANNE CATHARINE and WILLIAM GREEN, at the PRINTING-OFFICE: Where all Perſons may be ſupplied with this GAZETTE, at 12*s.* 6*d.* a Year; ADVERTISEMENTS, of a moderate Length, are inſerted the Firſt Time, for 5*s.* and 1*s.* for each Week's Continuance. Long Ones in Proportion to their Number of Lines.——At ſame Place may be had, ready Printed, moſt kinds of BLANKS, *viz.* COMMON and BAIL-BONDS; TESTAMENTARY LETTERS of ſeveral Sorts, with their proper BONDS annexed; BILLS of EXCHANGE; SHIPPING-BILLS, *&c. &c.* All Manner of PRINTING-WORK performed in the neateſt and moſt expeditious Manner, on applying as above.